#### HS8251

#### **TECHNICAL ENGLISH**

#### **OBJECTIVES:**

#### The Course prepares second semester engineering and Technology students to:

- Develop strategies and skills to enhance their ability to read and comprehend engineering and technology texts. •
- Foster their ability to write convincing job applications and effective reports. ٠
- Develop their speaking skills to make technical presentations, participate in group discussions. ٠

Strengthen their listening skill which will help them comprehend lectures and talks in their areas of specialisation.

#### UNIT I INTRODUCTION TECHNICAL ENGLISH

Listening- Listening to talks mostly of a scientific/technical nature and completing information-gap exercises-Speaking –Asking for and giving directions- Reading – reading short technical texts from journals- newsapapers-Writing- purpose statements – extended definitions – issue- writing instructions – checklists-recommendations-Vocabulary Development- technical vocabulary Language Development -- subject verb agreement - compound words.

#### UNIT II **READING AND STUDY SKILLS**

Listening- Listening to longer technical talks and completing exercises based on them-Speaking - describing a process-Reading – reading longer technical texts- identifying the various transitions in a text- paragraphing- Writinginterpreting cgarts, graphs- Vocabulary Development-vocabulary used in formal letters/emails and reports Language Development- impersonal passive voice, numerical adjectives.

#### UNIT III TECHNICAL WRITING AND GRAMMAR

Listening- Listening to classroom lectures/ talkls on engineering/technology -Speaking - introduction to technical presentations- Reading - longer texts both general and technical, practice in speed reading; Writing-Describing a process, use of sequence words- Vocabulary Development- sequence words- Misspelled words. Language Development- embedded sentences

#### **UNIT IV REPORT WRITING**

Listening- Listening to documentaries and making notes. Speaking - mechanics of presentations- Reading - reading for detailed comprehension- Writing- email etiquette- job application - cover letter -Résumé preparation( via email and hard copy)- analytical essays and issue based essays-- Vocabulary Development- finding suitable synonymsparaphrasing-. Language Development- clauses- if conditionals.

#### UNIT V GROUP DISCUSSION AND JOB APPLICATIONS

Listening- TED/Ink talks; Speaking -participating in a group discussion -Reading- reading and understanding technical articles Writing-Writing reports- minutes of a meeting- accident and survey- Vocabulary Developmentverbal analogies Language Development- reported speech

#### **TOTAL**: 60 PERIODS

#### **OUTCOMES:**

## At the end of the course learners will be able to:

- Read technical texts and write area- specific texts effortlessly.
- Listen and comprehend lectures and talks in their area of specialisation successfully.
- Speak appropriately and effectively in varied formal and informal contexts.
- Write reports and winning job applications.

#### **CLTP** 4004

12

12

12

### 12

#### **TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Board of editors. Fluency in English A Course book for Engineering and Technology. Orient Blackswan, Hyderabad: 2016

Sudharshana.N.P and Saveetha. C. English for Technical Communication. Cambridge University Press: New 2. Delhi, 2016.

#### REFERENCES

Booth-L. Diana, Project Work, Oxford University Press, Oxford: 2014. 1.

- 2. Grussendorf, Marion, English for Presentations, Oxford University Press, Oxford: 2007
- 3. Kumar, Suresh. E. Engineering English. Orient Blackswan: Hyderabad, 2015

Means, L. Thomas and Elaine Langlois, English & Communication For Colleges. Cengage Learning, USA: 4. 2007

5. Raman, Meenakshi and Sharma, Sangeetha- Technical Communication Principles and Practice.Oxford University Press: New Delhi,2014.

Students can be asked to read Tagore, Chetan Bhagat and for suplementary reading.

MA8251	ENGINEERING MATHEMATICS – II	L	Т	Р	С
		4	0	0	4

#### **OBJECTIVES:**

□ This course is designed to cover topics such as Matrix Algebra, Vector Calculus, Complex Analysis and Laplace Transform. Matrix Algebra is one of the powerful tools to handle practical problems arising in the field of engineering. Vector calculus can be widely used for modelling the various laws of physics. The various methods of complex analysis and Laplace transforms can be used for efficiently solving the problems that occur in various branches of engineering disciplines.

#### **UNIT I** MATRICES

Eigenvalues and Eigenvectors of a real matrix - Characteristic equation - Properties of Eigenvalues and Eigenvectors - Cayley-Hamilton theorem - Diagonalization of matrices - Reduction of a quadratic form to canonical form by orthogonal transformation - Nature of quadratic forms.

#### **UNIT II** VECTOR CALCULUS

Gradient and directional derivative - Divergence and curl - Vector identities - Irrotational and Solenoidal vector fields – Line integral over a plane curve – Surface integral - Area of a curved surface - Volume integral - Green's, Gauss divergence and Stoke's theorems – Verification and application in evaluating line, surface and volume integrals.

#### UNIT III **ANALYTIC FUNCTIONS**

Analytic functions - Necessary and sufficient conditions for analyticity in Cartesian and polar coordinates -Properties – Harmonic conjugates – Construction of analytic function – Conformal mapping – Mapping by functions w = z + c, cz, 1/z,  $z^2$  - Bilinear transformation.

#### **UNIT IV COMPLEX INTEGRATION**

Line integral - Cauchy's integral theorem - Cauchy's integral formula - Taylor's and Laurent's series - Singularities - Residues - Residue theorem - Application of residue theorem for evaluation of real integrals - Use of circular contour and semicircular contour.

#### UNIT V LAPLACE TRANSFORMS

Existence conditions - Transforms of elementary functions - Transform of unit step function and unit impulse

#### 12

12

## 12

# 12

function – Basic properties – Shifting theorems -Transforms of derivatives and integrals – Initial and final value theorems – Inverse transforms – Convolution theorem – Transform of periodic functions – Application to solution of linear second order ordinary differential equations with constant coefficients.

#### TOTAL: 60 PERIODS

#### **OUTCOMES :**

After successfully completing the course, the student will have a good understanding of the following topics and their applications:

Eigenvalues and eigenvectors, diagonalization of a matrix, Symmetric matrices, Positive definite matrices and similar matrices.

Gradient, divergence and curl of a vector point function and related identities.

Evaluation of line, surface and volume integrals using Gauss, Stokes and Green's theorems and their verification.

Analytic functions, conformal mapping and complex integration.

Laplace transform and inverse transform of simple functions, properties, various related theorems and application to differential equations with constant coefficients.

#### **TEXT BOOKS :**

 Grewal B.S., "Higher Engineering Mathematics", Khanna Publishers, New Delhi, 43rd Edition, 2014.
Kreyszig Erwin, "Advanced Engineering Mathematics ", John Wiley and Sons, 10th Edition, New Delhi, 2016.

#### **REFERENCES :**

1. Bali N., Goyal M. and Watkins C., "Advanced Engineering Mathematics", Firewall Media (An imprint of Lakshmi Publications Pvt., Ltd.,), New Delhi, 7th Edition, 2009.

2. Jain R.K. and Iyengar S.R.K., "Advanced Engineering Mathematics", Narosa Publications, New Delhi, 3rd Edition, 2007.

3. O'Neil, P.V. "Advanced Engineering Mathematics", Cengage Learning India Pvt., Ltd, New Delhi, 2007.

4. Sastry, S.S, "Engineering Mathematics", Vol. I & II, PHI Learning Pvt. Ltd, 4 th Edition, New Delhi, 2014.

5. Wylie, R.C. and Barrett, L.C., "Advanced Engineering Mathematics "Tata McGraw Hill Education Pvt. Ltd, 6th Edition, New Delhi, 2012.

#### PH8253

#### PHYSICS FOR ELECTRONICS ENGINEERING (Common to BME, ME, CC, ECE, EEE, E&I, ICE)

L T P C 3 0 0 3

Q

#### **OBJECTIVES:**

□ To understand the essential principles of Physics of semiconductor device and Electron transport properties. Become proficient in magnetic, dielectric and optical properties of materials and nano devices.

#### UNIT I ELECTRICAL PROPERTIES OF MATERIALS

Classical free electron theory - Expression for electrical conductivity – Thermal conductivity, expression - Wiedemann-Franz law – Success and failures - electrons in metals – Particle in a three dimensional box –

degenerate states – Fermi- Dirac statistics – Density of energy states – Electron in periodic potential: Bloch thorem – metals and insulators - Energy bands in solids- tight binding approximation - Electron effective mass - concept of hole.

#### UNIT II SEMICONDUCTOR PHYSICS

Intrinsic Semiconductors - Energy band diagram - direct and indirect semiconductors - Carrier concentration in intrinsic semiconductors – extrinsic semiconductors - Carrier concentration in N- type & P-type semiconductors – Carrier transport: Velocity-electric field relations – drift and diffusion transport - Einstein's relation – Hall effect and devices – Zener and avalanche breakdown in p-n junctions - Ohmic contacts – tunnel diode - Schottky diode – MOS capacitor - power transistor.

#### **UNIT III** MAGNETIC AND DIELECTRIC PROPERTIES OF MATERIALS

Magnetism in materials – magnetic field and induction – magnetization - magnetic permeability and susceptibility– types of magnetic materials - microscopic classification of magnetic materials - Ferromagnetism: origin and exchange interaction- saturation magnetization and Curie temperature – Domain Theory. Dielectric materials: Polarization processes - dielectric loss - internal field - Clausius-Mosotti relation- dielectric breakdown - highk dielectrics.

#### **OPTICAL PROPERTIES OF MATERIALS UNIT IV**

Classification of optical materials - carrier generation and recombination processes - Absorption emission and scattering of light in metals, insulators and Semiconductors (concepts only) - photo current in a P-N diode – solar cell -photo detectors - LED - Organic LED - Laser diodes - excitons - quantum confined Stark effect - quantum dot laser.

#### UNIT V NANOELECTRONIC DEVICES

Introduction - electron density in bulk material - Size dependence of Fermi energy- quantum confinement quantum structures - Density of states in quantum well, quantum wire and quantum dot structures -Zener-Bloch oscillations - resonant tunneling - quantum interference effects - mesoscopic structures: conductance fluctuations and coherent transport - Coulomb blockade effects - Single electron phenomena and Single electron Transistor – magnetic semiconductors– spintronics - Carbon nanotubes: Properties and applications.

#### **TOTAL:** 45 PERIODS

#### **OUTCOMES:**

At the end of the course, the students will able to

- Gain knowledge on classical and quantum electron theories, and energy band structuues,
- Acquire knowledge on basics of semiconductor physics and its applications in various devices,
- Get knowledge on magnetic and dielectric properties of materials,
- Have the necessary understanding on the functioning of optical materials for optoelectronics,
- Understand the basics of quantum structures and their applications in spintronics and carbon electronics.

#### **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. Kasap, S.O. "Principles of Electronic Materials and Devices", McGraw-Hill Education, 2007.
- 2. Umesh K Mishra & Jasprit Singh, "Semiconductor Device Physics and Design", Springer, 2008.
- 3. Wahab, M.A. "Solid State Physics: Structure and Properties of Materials". Narosa Publishing House, 2009.

#### REFERENCES

- 1. Garcia, N. & Damask, A. "Physics for Computer Science Students". Springer-Verlag, 2012.
- 2. Hanson, G.W. "Fundamentals of Nanoelectronics". Pearson Education, 2009
- 3. Rogers, B., Adams, J. & Pennathur, S. "Nanotechnology: Understanding Small Systems". CRC Press, 2014

9

9

9

#### **BE8252 BASIC CIVIL AND MECHANICAL ENGINEERING** LTPC

### **OBJECTIVES:**

To impart basic knowledge on Civil and Mechanical Engineering.

To familiarize the materials and measurements used in Civil Engineering.

□ To provide the exposure on the fundamental elements of civil engineering structures. □ To enable the students to distinguish the components and working principle of power

plant units, IC engines, and R & AC system.

## A – OVER VIEW

#### UNIT I SCOPE OF CIVIL AND MECHANICAL ENGINEERING

Overview of Civil Engineering - Civil Engineering contributions to the welfare of Society - Specialized sub disciplines in Civil Engineering - Structural, Construction, Geotechnical, Environmental, Transportation and Water Resources Engineering

**Overview of Mechanical Engineering** - Mechanical Engineering contributions to the welfare of Society – Specialized sub disciplines in Mechanical Engineering - Production, Automobile, Energy Engineering -Interdisciplinary concepts in Civil and Mechanical Engineering.

## **B – CIVIL ENGINEERING**

**UNIT II** SURVEYING AND CIVIL ENGINEERING MATERIALS 10 Surveying: Objects - classification - principles - measurements of distances - angles - leveling - determination of areas- contours - examples.

**Civil Engineering Materials:** Bricks – stones – sand – cement – concrete – steel - timber - modern materials

## UNIT III BUILDING COMPONENTS AND STRUCTURES

Foundations: Types of foundations - Bearing capacity and settlement - Requirement of good foundations. Civil Engineering Structures: Brickmasonry - stonemasonry - beams - columns - lintels - roofing - flooring plastering – floor area, carpet area and floor space index - Types of Bridges and Dams – water supply - sources and quality of water - Rain water harvesting - introduction to high way and rail way.

## **C – MECHANICAL ENGINEERING**

## UNIT IV INTERNAL COMBUSTION ENGINES AND POWER PLANTS

Classification of Power Plants - Internal combustion engines as automobile power plant - Working principle of Petrol and Diesel Engines - Four stroke and two stroke cycles - Comparison of four stroke and two stroke engines -Working principle of steam, Gas, Diesel, Hydro - electric and Nuclear Power plants -- working principle of Boilers, Turbines, Reciprocating Pumps (single acting and double acting) and Centrifugal Pumps

15

15

10

4 0 0 4

## UNIT V REFRIGERATION AND AIR CONDITIONING SYSTEM

Terminology of Refrigeration and Air Conditioning. Principle of vapour compression and absorption system–Layout of typical domestic refrigerator–Window and Split type room Air conditioner.

### **OUTCOMES:**

On successful completion of this course, the student will be able to

- Appreciate the civil and mechanical engineering components of projects.
- Explain the usage of construction material and proper selection of construction materials.
- □ Measure distances and area by surveying
- □ Identify the components used in power plant cycle.
- Demonstrate working principles of petrol and diesel engine.
- Elaborate the components of refrigeration and Air conditioning cycle.

### TOTAL: 60 PERIODS

#### **TEXTBOOKS:**

1. Shanmugam Gand Palanichamy MS, "Basic Civil and Mechanical Engineering", Tata McGraw Hill PublishingCo., NewDelhi, 1996.

#### **REFERENCES:**

- 1. Palanikumar, K. Basic Mechanical Engineering, ARS Publications, 2010.
- 2. Ramamrutham S., "Basic Civil Engineering", Dhanpat Rai Publishing Co.(P) Ltd.1999.
- 3. Seetharaman S., "BasicCivil Engineering", AnuradhaAgencies, 2005.
- 4. ShanthaKumar SRJ., "Basic Mechanical Engineering", Hi-tech Publications, Mayiladuthurai, 2000.

5. Venugopal K. and Prahu Raja V., "Basic Mechanical Engineering", Anuradha Publishers, Kumbakonam, 2000.

#### EE8251

#### **CIRCUIT THEORY**

L T P C 2 2 0 3

#### **OBJECTIVES:**

- To introduce electric circuits and its analysis
- To impart knowledge on solving circuit equations using network theorems
- To introduce the phenomenon of resonance in coupled circuits.
- To educate on obtaining the transient response of circuits.
- To introduce Phasor diagrams and analysis of three phase circuits

#### UNIT I BASIC CIRCUITS ANALYSIS

Resistive elements - Ohm's Law Resistors in series and parallel circuits – Kirchoffs laws – Mesh current and node voltage - methods of analysis.

#### UNIT II NETWORK REDUCTION AND THEOREMS FOR DC AND AC IRCUITS

Network reduction: voltage and current division, source transformation – star delta conversion. Thevenins and Norton Theorems – Superposition Theorem – Maximum power transfer theorem – Reciprocity Theorem – Millman's theorem.

10

6+6

6+6

### UNIT III TRANSIENT RESPONSE ANALYSIS

L and C elements -Transient response of RL, RC and RLC Circuits using Laplace transform for DC input and A.C. sinusoidal input.

### UNIT IV THREE PHASE CIRCUITS

A.C. circuits – Average and RMS value - Phasor Diagram – Power, Power Factor and Energy.- Analysis of three phase 3-wire and 4-wire circuits with star and delta connected loads, balanced & un balanced – phasor diagram of voltages and currents – power measurement in three phase circuits.

### UNIT V RESONANCE AND COUPLED CIRCUITS

Series and parallel resonance – their frequency response – Quality factor and Bandwidth - Self and mutual inductance – Coefficient of coupling – Tuned circuits – Single tuned circuits.

## TOTAL: 60 PERIODS

## **OUTCOMES:**

- Ability to analyse electrical circuits
- Ability to apply circuit theorems
- Ability to analyse transients

## **TEXT BOOKS:**

- William H. Hayt Jr, Jack E. Kemmerly and Steven M. Durbin, "Engineering Circuits Analysis", McGraw Hill publishers, edition, New Delhi, 2013.
- 2. Charles K. Alexander, Mathew N.O. Sadiku, "Fundamentals of Electric Circuits", Second Edition, McGraw Hill, 2013.
- 3. Allan H. Robbins, Wilhelm C. Miller, "Circuit Analysis Theory and Practice", Cengage Learning India, 2013.

#### REFERENCES

- 1. Chakrabarti A, "Circuits Theory (Analysis and synthesis), Dhanpath Rai & Sons, New Delhi, 1999.
- 2. Jegatheesan, R., "Analysis of Electric Circuits," McGraw Hill, 2015.
- 3. Joseph A. Edminister, Mahmood Nahri, "Electric circuits", Schaum's series, McGraw-Hill, New Delhi, 2010.
- 4. M E Van Valkenburg, "Network Analysis", Prentice-Hall of India Pvt Ltd, New Delhi, 2015.
- 5. Mahadevan, K., Chitra, C., "Electric Circuits Analysis," Prentice-Hall of India Pvt Ltd., New Delhi, 2015.
- 6. Richard C. Dorf and James A. Svoboda, "Introduction to Electric Circuits", 7th Edition, John Wiley & Sons, Inc. 2015.
- 7. Sudhakar A and Shyam Mohan SP, "Circuits and Network Analysis and Synthesis", McGraw Hill, 2015.

## GE8291 ENVIRONMENTAL SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING L T P C

#### **OBJECTIVES**:

- To study the nature and facts about environment.
- To finding and implementing scientific, technological, economic and political solutions to environmental problems.
- To study the interrelationship between living organism and environment.

# 6+6

6+6

## 6+6

3 0 0 3

To appreciate the importance of environment by assessing its impact on the human world; envision the surrounding environment, its functions and its value.

- To study the dynamic processes and understand the features of the earths interior and surface.
- To study the integrated themes and biodiversity, natural resources, pollution control and waste management.

#### UNIT I ENVIRONMENT, ECOSYSTEMS AND BIODIVERSITY

Definition, scope and importance of environment – need for public awareness - concept of an ecosystem – structure and function of an ecosystem – producers, consumers and decomposers – energy flow in the ecosystem – ecological succession – food chains, food webs and ecological pyramids – Introduction, types, characteristic features, structure and function of the (a) forest ecosystem (b) grassland ecosystem (c) desert ecosystem (d) aquatic ecosystems (ponds, streams, lakes, rivers, oceans, estuaries) – Introduction to biodiversity definition: genetic, species and ecosystem diversity – biogeographical classification of India – value of biodiversity: consumptive use, productive use, social, ethical, aesthetic and option values – Biodiversity at global, national and local levels – India as a mega-diversity nation – hot-spots of biodiversity – threats to biodiversity: habitat loss, poaching of wildlife, man-wildlife conflicts – endangered and endemic species of India – conservation of biodiversity: In-situ and ex-situ conservation of biodiversity. Field study of common plants, insects, birds; Field study of simple ecosystems – pond, river, hill slopes, etc.

#### UNIT II ENVIRONMENTAL POLLUTION

Definition – causes, effects and control measures of: (a) Air pollution (b) Water pollution (c) Soil pollution (d) Marine pollution (e) Noise pollution (f) Thermal pollution (g) Nuclear hazards – solid waste management: causes, effects and control measures of municipal solid wastes – role of an individual in prevention of pollution – pollution case studies – disaster management: floods, earthquake, cyclone and landslides. Field study of local polluted site – Urban / Rural / Industrial / Agricultural.

#### UNIT III NATURAL RESOURCES

Forest resources: Use and over-exploitation, deforestation, case studies- timber extraction, mining, dams and their effects on forests and tribal people – Water resources: Use and over- utilization of surface and ground water, floods, drought, conflicts over water, dams-benefits and problems – Mineral resources: Use and exploitation, environmental effects of extracting and using mineral resources, case studies – Food resources: World food problems, changes caused by agriculture and overgrazing, effects of modern agriculture, fertilizer-pesticide problems, water logging, salinity, case studies – Energy resources: Growing energy needs, renewable and non renewable energy sources, use of alternate energy sources. case studies – Land resources: Land as a resource, land degradation, man induced landslides, soil erosion and desertification – role of an individual in conservation of natural resources – Equitable use of resources for sustainable lifestyles. Field study of local area to document environmental assets – river / forest / grassland / hill / mountain.

#### UNIT IV SOCIAL ISSUES AND THE ENVIRONMENT

From unsustainable to sustainable development – urban problems related to energy – water conservation, rain water harvesting, watershed management – resettlement and rehabilitation of people; its problems and concerns, case studies – role of non-governmental organization- environmental ethics: Issues and possible solutions – climate change, global warming, acid rain, ozone layer depletion, nuclear accidents and holocaust, case studies. – wasteland reclamation – consumerism and waste products – environment production act – Air (Prevention and Control of Pollution) act – Water (Prevention and control of Pollution) act – Wildlife protection act – Forest conservation act – enforcement machinery involved in environmental legislation- central and state pollution control boards- Public awareness.

#### UNIT V HUMAN POPULATION AND THE ENVIRONMENT

14

8

#### 10

 $\label{eq:population} Population growth, variation among nations - population explosion - family welfare programme - environment and human health - human rights - value education - HIV / AIDS - women and child welfare - role of information technology in environment and human health - Case studies.$ 

### TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

#### **OUTCOMES:**

 $\Box$  Environmental Pollution or problems cannot be solved by mere laws. Public participation is an important aspect which serves the environmental Protection. One will obtain knowledge on the following after completing the course.

- Device a public awareness of environmental is at infant stage.
- Ignorance and incomplete knowledge has lead to misconceptions
- Development and improvement in std. of living has lead to serious environmental disasters

#### **TEXTBOOKS:**

1. Benny Joseph, 'Environmental Science and Engineering', Tata McGraw-Hill, New Delhi, 2006.

2. Gilbert M.Masters, 'Introduction to Environmental Engineering and Science', 2nd edition, Pearson Education, 2004.

#### **REFERENCES :**

1. Dharmendra S. Sengar, 'Environmental law', Prentice hall of India PVT LTD, New Delhi, 2007.

2. Erach Bharucha, "Textbook of Environmental Studies", Universities Press(I) PVT, LTD, Hydrabad, 2015.

3. G. Tyler Miller and Scott E. Spoolman, "Environmental Science", Cengage Learning India PVT, LTD, Delhi, 2014.

4. Rajagopalan, R, 'Environmental Studies-From Crisis to Cure', Oxford University Press, 2005.

# GE8261ENGINEERING PRACTICES LABORATORYL T P C0 0 4 2

#### **OBJECTIVES:**

To provide exposure to the students with hands on experience on various basic engineering practices in Civil, Mechanical, Electrical and Electronics Engineering.

#### **GROUP A (CIVIL & MECHANICAL)**

#### I CIVIL ENGINEERING PRACTICE

#### **Buildings:**

(a) Study of plumbing and carpentry components of residential and industrial buildings. Safety aspects.

#### **Plumbing Works:**

(a) Study of pipeline joints, its location and functions: valves, taps, couplings, unions, reducers, elbows in household fittings.

- (b) Study of pipe connections requirements for pumps and turbines.
- (c) Preparation of plumbing line sketches for water supply and sewage works.

(d) Hands-on-exercise:

Basic pipe connections – Mixed pipe material connection – Pipe connections with different joining components. (e) Demonstration of plumbing requirements of high-rise buildings.

#### **Carpentry using Power Tools only:**

(a) Study of the joints in roofs, doors, windows and furniture.

(b) Hands-on-exercise:

Wood work, joints by sawing, planing and cutting.

#### II MECHANICAL ENGINEERING PRACTICE

#### Welding:

- (a) Preparation of butt joints, lap joints and T- joints by Shielded metal arc welding.
- (b) Gas welding practice Basic Machining:
- (a) Simple Turning and Taper turning
- (b) Drilling Practice

#### **Sheet Metal Work:**

- (a) Forming & Bending:
- (b) Model making Trays and funnels.

(c) Different type of joints.

#### Machine assembly practice:

- (a) Study of centrifugal pump
- (b) Study of air conditioner

#### **Demonstration on:**

(a) Smithy operations, upsetting, swaging, setting down and bending. Example – Exercise – Production of hexagonal headed bolt.

- (b) Foundry operations like mould preparation for gear and step cone pulley.
- (c) Fitting Exercises Preparation of square fitting and V fitting models.

#### **GROUP B (ELECTRICAL & ELECTRONICS)**

#### **III ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING PRACTICE**

- 1. Residential house wiring using switches, fuse, indicator, lamp and energy meter.
- 2. Fluorescent lamp wiring.
- 3. Stair case wiring
- 4. Measurement of electrical quantities voltage, current, power & power factor in RLC circuit.
- 5. Measurement of energy using single phase energy meter.
- 6. Measurement of resistance to earth of an electrical equipment.

#### IV ELECTRONICS ENGINEERING PRACTICE

1. Study of Electronic components and equipments – Resistor, colour coding measurement of AC signal parameter (peak-peak, rms period, frequency) using CR.

- 2. Study of logic gates AND, OR, EX-OR and NOT.
- 3. Generation of Clock Signal.
- 4. Soldering practice Components Devices and Circuits Using general purpose PCB.
- 5. Measurement of ripple factor of HWR and FWR.

## TOTAL: 60 PERIODS

**OUTCOMES:** 

# 13

18

On successful completion of this course, the student will be able to

- fabricate carpentry components and pipe connections including plumbing works.
- use welding equipments to join the structures.
- Carry out the basic machining operations
- ☐ Make the models using sheet metal works
- Illustrate on centrifugal pump, Air conditioner, operations of smithy, foundary and fittings
- Carry out basic home electrical works and appliances
- ☐ Measure the electrical quantities
- Elaborate on the components, gates, soldering practices.

### LIST OF EQUIPMENT FOR A BATCH OF 30 STUDENTS:

#### CIVIL

1. Assorted components for plumbing consisting of metallic pipes, plastic pipes, flexible pipes, couplings,

unions, elbows, plugs and other fittings.	15 Sets.
2. Carpentry vice (fitted to work bench)	15 Nos.
3. Standard woodworking tools	15 Sets.
4. Models of industrial trusses, door joints, furniture joints	5 each
5. Power Tools: (a) Rotary Hammer	2 Nos
(b) Demolition Hammer	2 Nos
(c) Circular Saw	2 Nos
(d) Planer	2 Nos
(e) Hand Drilling Machine	2 Nos
(f) Jigsaw	2 Nos

#### MECHANICAL

1. Arc welding transformer with cables and holders					
2. Welding booth with exhaust facility					
3. Welding accessories like welding shield, chipping hammer, wire brush, etc. 5 Sets.					
4. Oxygen and acetylene gas cylinders, blow pipe and other welding outfit.					
5. Centre lathe					
6. Hearth furnace, anvil and smithy tools					
7. Moulding table, foundry tools					
8. Power Tool: Angle Grinder					
9. Study-purpose items: centrifugal pump, air-conditioner					

#### ELECTRICAL

1. Assorted electrical components for house wiring	15 Sets
2. Electrical measuring instruments	10 Sets
3. Study purpose items: Iron box, fan and regulator, emergency lamp	
4. Megger (250V/500V)	
5. Power Tools: (a) Range Finder	
(b) Digital Live-wire detector	2 Nos

#### ELECTRONICS

1. Soldering guns	10 Nos.
2. Assorted electronic components for making circuits	50 Nos.
3. Small PCBs	10 Nos.
4. Multimeters	10 Nos.

#### 5. Study purpose items: Telephone, FM radio, low-voltage power supply

# EE8261ELECTRIC CIRCUITS LABORATORYL T P C0 0 4 2

#### **OBJECTIVES:**

- To simulate various electric circuits using Pspice/ Matlab/e-Sim / Scilab
- □ To gain practical experience on electric circuits and verification of theorems.

#### LIST OF EXPERIMENTS

1. Simulation and experimental verification of electrical circuit problems using Kirchhoff's voltage and current laws.

- 2. Simulation and experimental verification of electrical circuit problems using Thevenin's theorem.
- 3. Simulation and experimental verification of electrical circuit problems using Norton's theorem.
- 4. Simulation and experimental verification of electrical circuit problems using Superposition theorem.
- 5. Simulation and experimental verification of Maximum Power transfer Theorem.

6. Study of Analog and digital oscilloscopes and measurement of sinusoidal voltage, frequency and power factor.

- 7. Simulation and Experimental validation of R-C electric circuit transients.
- 8. Simulation and Experimental validation of frequency response of RLC electric circuit.
- 9. Design and Simulation of series resonance circuit.
- 10. Design and Simulation of parallel resonant circuits.
- 11. Simulation of three phase balanced and unbalanced star, delta networks circuits.

#### TOTAL: 60 PERIODS

#### **OUTCOMES**:

- □ Understand and apply circuit theorems and concepts in engineering applications.
- □ Simulate electric circuits.

#### LIST OF EQUIPMENT FOR A BATCH OF 30 STUDENTS:

- 1 Regulated Power Supply: 0 15 V D.C 10 Nos / Distributed Power Source.
- 2 Function Generator (1 MHz) 10 Nos.
- 3 Single Phase Energy Meter 1 No.
- 4 Oscilloscope (20 MHz) 10 Nos.
- 5 Digital Storage Oscilloscope (20 MHz) 1 No.
- 6 10 Nos. of PC with Circuit Simulation Software (min 10 Users) (e-Sim / Scilab/ Pspice / MATLAB /other Equivalent software Package) and Printer (1 No.)
- 7 AC/DC Voltmeters (10 Nos.), Ammeters (10 Nos.) and Multi-meters (10 Nos.)
- 8 Single Phase Wattmeter 3 Nos.
- 9 Decade Resistance Box, Decade Inductance Box, Decade Capacitance Box 6 Nos each.
- 10 Circuit Connection Boards 10 Nos.

Necessary Quantities of Resistors, Inductors, Capacitors of various capacities (Quarter Watt to 10 Watt)